99mTc-Ethylenedicysteine-folate 99mTc-EC-folate

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Chemical name: 99mTc-Ethylenedicysteine-folate

Abbreviated name: 99mTc-EC-folate

Synonym:

Backbone: Folic acid Target: Folate receptor Mechanism: Receptor binding

Method of detection: SPECT Source of signal: 99mTc Activation: No In vitro studies: Yes Rodent studies: Yes

Other non-primate mammal No studies:

Non-human primate studies: No Human studies: No

Click on the above structure for additional information in PubChem [http://pubchem.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/].

Background

[PubMed]

Folic acid is a water-soluble B vitamin (1). It is essential for methylation and DNA synthesis. The primary pathway for entry of folate into cells is through a facilitated transporter, which has a low affinity for folate with K_m of 1-5 µm. Some cells in the choroid plexus, kidney, lung, thyroid, spleen, placenta, and thymus also possess a higher affinity (K_d , 0.5 nm) receptor that allows folate uptake via receptor-mediated endocytosis. Some human epithelial tumor cells were found to overexpress folate-binding protein (2). More than 90% of human ovarian and endometrial cancers express the high-affinity receptor, which is absent in normal tissues. Breast, colorectal, renal, and lung carcinomas also overexpressed the folate receptor but to a lesser frequency (20-50%). 99mTc-EC-folate was synthesized and developed as a folate receptor imaging agent (3).

Synthesis

[PubMed]

L,L-Ethylenedicysteine (EC) was conjugated to folate-NH $_2$ using sulfo-N-hydroxysulfosuccinimide (3). One EC residue (268 Da) was estimated to conjugate to folate-NH $_2$ (483 Da) to form EC-folate. ^{99m}Tc was complexed efficiently to EC-Folate to form ^{99m}Tc-EC-folate with a radiochemical purity of >95%. The specific activity was calculated to be about 0.37 MBq/ μ g (10 μ Ci/ μ g) before *in vivo* injection to rats.

In Vitro Studies: Testing in Cells and Tissues

[PubMed [C:\Documents and Settings\Leung\leung\My Documents\My Words\Imaging Tech \99mTc-EC[All Fields] AND folate and in vitro]]

^{99m}Tc-EC-folate was found to be stable in dog serum samples at 37°C for up to 4 h (3).

Animal Studies

Rodents

[PubMed]

Rats were inoculated with rat mammary tumor cells, followed by intravenous injection (0.37 MBq/rat, 10 µCi/rat, 10 µg/rat) of ^{99m}Tc-EC-folate or ^{99m}Tc-EC 14 -17 days after tumor transplantation (3). Tumor-to-blood uptake ratios for ^{99m}Tc-EC-folate rats increased as a function of time, whereas these ratios decreased for ^{99m}Tc-EC in the same period. Tumor uptake in ^{99m}Tc-EC-folate rats was about 1-fold higher than ^{99m}Tc-EC rats. The kidneys and liver were the organs with high uptakes of both tracers. Both tracers were excreted mainly in the urine. Co-injections of rats with 0.15 mol/kg of unlabeled folate blocked the uptake of ^{99m}Tc-EC-folate by 30%.

Scintigraphic images of rats given ^{99m}Tc-EC-folate (18.5 MBq/rat, 0.5 mCi/rat, 50 µg/rat) showed that tumors in the right hind legs could be well visualized at 1-4 h (3). ^{99m}Tc-EC-folate could be a useful tool for imaging folate receptor-positive tumors.

Other Non-Primate Mammals

[PubMed]

No publication is currently available.

Non-Human Primates

[PubMed]

No publication is currently available.

Human Studies

[PubMed]

No publication is currently available.

References

- 1. Stanger O. Physiology of folic acid in health and disease. Curr Drug Metab 3:211–223; 2002. (PubMed)
- 2. Ke CY, Mathias CJ, Green MA. The folate receptor as a molecular target for tumor-selective radionuclide delivery. Nucl Med Biol 30:811–817; 2003. (PubMed)
- 3. Ilgan S, Yang DJ, Higuchi T, Zareneyrizi F, Bayhan H, Yu D, Kim EE, Podoloff DA. 99mTc-ethylenedicysteine-folate: a new tumor imaging agent. Synthesis, labeling and evaluation in animals. Cancer Biother Radiopharm 13:427–435; 1998. (PubMed)